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| **TANTÁRGYLEÍRÁS** |
| TESTNEVELÉSI EGYETEM |
| **A TANTÁRGY ALAPADATAI** |
| **Tantárgy megnevezése:** | Sport in Contemporary Society I. | **Kódja:** | DISPORTINCONTSOC\_I\_2021 |
| **Tantárgy kreditértéke:** |  2 kredit | **Készítés dátuma:** | 2021. |
| **Tantárgy óraszáma:** | 24 óra | **Típusa:** | kötelező |
| **Meghirdetés félévei:** | 2021/22/I. |
| **Első óra időpontja (2021. őszi meghirdetés esetén), illetve megjegyzés** | 2021. szeptember 21. |
| **Tantárgyfelelős szervezeti egység:**  | **Doktori Iskola TEDI** |
| **A tárgy oktatás nyelve:** | Angol |
| **Tantárgyfelelős neve:** | Földesiné Dr. Szabó Gyöngyi és Dr. Dóczi Tamás |
| **Oktató neve:** | Földesiné Dr. Szabó Gyöngyi és Dr. Dóczi Tamás |
| **Előtanulmányi feltételek:** | - |
| **Tantárgy jellege:** | Elmélet | **MKKR szint:**  | 8-as szint |
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| **Vizsgatípus (félévi lezárás):** | Szóbeli |
| **A tantárgy célja:** | * To expand students’ knowledge about contemporary social phenomena, social processes and social behavior in the field of sport and beyond.
* To enhance students’ capability of understanding and critically analysing the tendencies that define contemporary global sport.
* To develop students’ skills to creatively apply their newfound knowledge in their research work.
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| **A TANANYAG TARTALMI ELEMEI: elmélet + gyakorlat (ha van)** |
| * Sport as a social phenomenon – sociological approaches to sport. Sport as a social subsystem.
* Sport and social change – the evolution of modern sport.
* Sport and globalization
* The role of the state, the civil sector and the business sector to the functioning of sport as a social subsystem
* Sport models on the five continents
* Sport, politics and policy
* Sport in the European Union
* The impact of Eastern European political and economic transitions on sport
* Sport and the economy. The impact of the global economic crisis on sport
* Sport and the media
* Values of sport in principle and in practice. Sport socialization; sport as a setting of socialization.
* Sport as a way of life, lifestyle, quality of life
* Sport and law, sport and human rights, sports law. Sport, sustainable development, environmental protection.
* Sport in education, education in sport
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| **FÉLÉVKÖZI KÖVETELMÉNYEK** |
| Written test on the key terms used related to the new topics of the semester.Oral presentation on one of the topics. |
| **A FÉLÉVZÁRÁS MÓDJA, A TANTÁRGYI JEGY KIALAKÍTÁSÁNAK SZEMPONTJAI** |
| **Félévi követelmények** (óralátogatás mértéke, ellenőrző dolgozatok és egyéb követelmények teljesítése) | Visiting the majority of the classes.Active participation in the classes.Oral presentation.Test writing with at least 80 % out of 100%.Oral exam on the three selected papers and the topics covered during the course |
| **A félévi követelmények teljesítési hiányának következménye(i)** |  |
| **KÖTELEZŐ IRODALOM** |
| * Coakley, J. (2015) *Sport in Society: Issues and Controversies*. McGraw-Hill, New York.

 Relevant articles from the following international journals:* International Review for the Sociology of Sport
* Sociology of Sport Journal
* European Journal for the Sociology of Sport
* Physical Culture and Sport. Studies and Research

+ Three papers related to the topic of the PhD student’s thesis (can be from the list of recommended readings) |
| **AJÁNLOTT IRODALOM** |
| * Coakley, J. (2011) Youth Sports: “What Counts as Positive Development”? *Journal of Sport and Social Issues* 35(3), 306-324.
* Dóczi, T. & Gál, A. (2016): Sociology of Sport: Hungary. In Young, K. (ed.) *Sociology of Sport: A Global Subdiscipline in Review*. Bingley, Emerald, 207-225.
* Dunning, E. (1994) Sport in Space and Time: “Civilizing Processes”, Trajectories of State-Formation and the Development of Modern Sport. *International Review for the Sociology of Sport*, 4, 331-347.
* Eichberg, H. (1984) Olympic Sport: Neo-colonialism and Alternatives. *International Review for the Sociology of Sport*, 1. 98-108.
* Földesiné Sz. Gy**.** (2009) Class or Mass: (Sport for All) Policy at a Crossroads .*Physical Culture and sport. Studies* *and Research*, Vol. 46, 147-156**.**
* Földesiné Szabó Gy: (2010) Social Exclusion/Inclusion in the Context of Hungarian Sport. Physical Culture and Sport. Studies and Research, Vol. 50, 44-59.
* Földesiné Sz. Gy., Dóczi. T. (2011) (eds): *The Interaction of Sport and Society in the V4 Countries.* Hungarian Society for Sport Sciences, Budapest
* Gál A., Kosiewicz J., Sterbenz T. (eds) 2017: Sport and Social Sciences with Reflection on Practice. AWF-ISSSS, Warsaw
* Giulianotti, R. (1999) *Football: a sociology of the global game.* Cambridge, Polity Press.
* Giulianotti, R. (2004) Human rights, globalization and sentimental education: The case of sport. *Sport in Society*, 7, 355-369.
* Henry, I. (2009) European models of Sport: Governance, Organisational Change and Sports Policy in the EU, *Journal of Policy for Physical Education and Sport* 18, 1-22.
* Kelly, L. (2011) ’Social inclusion’ through sports-based interventions? *Critical Social Policy* 31(1), 126-150.
* Kovács, Á. & Dóczi, T. (2019): Elite athletes and media appearances: opportunity or obligation? *Sport in Society*, in press, DOI: 10.1080/17430437.2019.1599861
* Kovács, Á. & Dóczi, T. (2018): The relation between Olympians and Employees of the Media in Hungary: Motivations, Attitudes, Rejection.*Physical Culture and Sport. Studies and Research*, 78(1), 5-12.
* Maguire, J. (1999) Global Sport: Identities, Societies, Civilisations. Cambridge, Polity Press.
* Nicholson, M., Hoye, R., Houlihan, B. (eds) (2011): *Participation in Sport.* *International Policy Perspectives.* Routledge**,** London and New York..
* Sam, M. P. (2009) The public management of sport: Wicked problems, challenges and dilemmas. *Public Management Review* 11, 499-513.
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